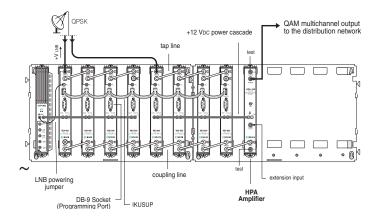
MDI 910

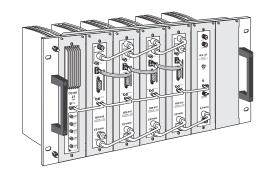
ClassA. DVB-S/S2 to DVB-C Digital Transmodulation equipment Tunes a Sat-IF digital channel, demodulates the signal being receibed, processes the transport stream and remodulates it in QAM format.





Application Examples





Example of MDI headend for 8 transponders. Contains 8 MDI transmodulators, 1 amplifier HPA and 1 power supply CFP-900, all fixed on 2 base-plates BAS-700.

Example of MDI headend in rack for 4 transponders. Contains 4 MDI transmodulators, 1 amplifier HPA and 1 power supply CFP-900, all fixed on rack SMR-601.

Main features

Model		MDI-910
Ref.		4020
Reception		DVB-S2 (QPSK/8PSK), DVB-S (QPSK)
Transport Stream processing (TS)		Yes
Common Interface (EN 50221)		Yes
Number of encrypted programmes being supported		Variable (depends on the CAM)
Input section (QPSK/8PSK)		
Standard		EN 302 307
Input frequency band	MHz	950 – 2150
Input level	dBm	-7025 (DVB-S2), -6525 (DVB-S)
Input loop-through gain	dB	0 (±1)
AFC pull-in range	MHz	±5
Input symbol rate	MS/s	10 – 30 (DVB-S2), 2 – 45 (DVB-S)
Re-modulation section (QAM)		
Data processing		EN 300 744
Selectable modulation scheme		16QAM, 32QAM, 64QAM, 128QAM, 256QAM
MER (modulation error ratio)	dB	> 40 (typ.)
Output symbol ratio	MS/s	1 8
Selectable Roll-Off factor	%	12, 13, 15
Output section (QAM)		
Selectable output channel located between:	MHz	47 – 862
Bandwidth	MHz	5 (DVB-H), 6, 7, 8
Adjustable output level	dΒμV	65 – 80
Output loop-through loss	dB	1.1
Spurious in band	dBc	< -55

- Digital Transmodulation (QPSK/8PSK to QAM). The QPSK or 8PSK channels located in the Sat-IF frequency band (950-2150 MHz) are transformed to QAM channels (16 to 256 symbols) located in the 45-862 MHz band.
- A MDI headend includes:
 - As many MDI Transmodulators as QAM channels to be distributed.
 - One HPA Amplifier that amplifies the sum of the combined output QAM channels from the transmodulators.
 - One or more CFP Power Supplies.
 - One or more Rack-Frames or wall-fixing Base-Plates. The base-plates can be joined horizontally.
 - Usually, housing units for the base-plates.
 - If the headend is large, one or more AMX-400 combiners.
- A MDI transmodulator carries out the complete channel processing from the input to the output:
 - tunes a Sat-IF digital channel,
 - demodulates the signal being received,
 - processes the transport stream, and
 - re-modulates it in QAM format (16, 32, 64, 128 or 256 symbols) on an RF channel that is selectable within the 45-862 MHz frequency range.

MDI-910

General

Supply voltage	VDC	+12	
Consumption	mA	710 (without CAM), 850 (with CAM)	
Operating temperature	°C	0 +45	
Input RF connector type		(2x) female F	
Output RF connector type		(2x) female F	
DC connector type		banana socket	
CAM entrance		slot	
Programming interface		RS-232/DB-9	
IKUSUP bus connector		(2x) base 4 pines	
Dimensions	mm	230 x 195 x 32	

- The module is packed with:
 2 F plug bridges, 64 mm length, for input tap line and output coupling line.
 1 DC plug bridge, 53 mm length, for connection of +12 VDC voltage.













